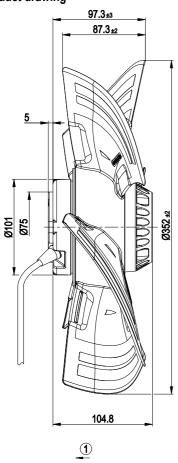
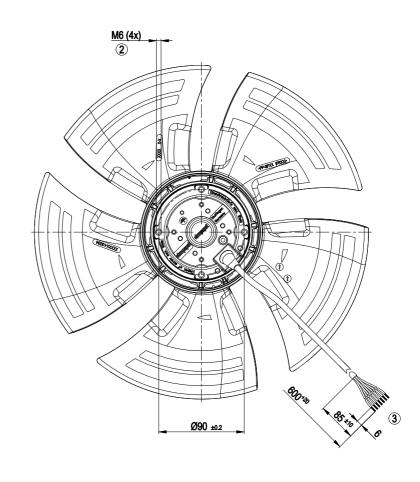
3. TECHNICAL DATA

3.1 Product drawing





All measures have the unit mm.

1	Direction of air flow "V"
2	Depth of screw max. 10 mm
3	Connection line PFA 7G 0.5mm², 7x brass lead tips crimped



3.2 Nominal data

Motor	M4D074-DF					
Phase	3~	3~	3~	3~		
Nominal voltage / VAC	230	230	400	400		
Connection	Δ	Δ	Υ	Υ		
Frequency / Hz	50	60	50	60		
Type of data definition	Type of data definition ml ml ml ml					
Valid for approval / standard	CE	CE	CE	CE		
Speed (rpm) / min-1	1370	1520	1370	1520		
Power input / W	170	230	170	230		
Current draw / A	0.64	0.70	0.37	0.40		
Max. back pressure / Pa	90	90	90	90		
Min. ambient	-25	-25	-25	-25		
temperature / °C						
Max. ambient	65	55	65	55		
temperature / °C						
Starting current / A	1.9	1.9	1.1	1.1		

ml = Max. load \cdot me = Max. efficiency \cdot fa = Running at free air cs = Customer specs \cdot cu = Customer unit

Subject to alterations

3.3 Data in accordance with ecodesign regulation EU 327/

	Actual	Request 2015	
01 Overall efficiency ηes / %	28.7	28.7	
02 Measurement category	Α	•	
03 Efficiency category	Static		
04 Efficiency grade N	40	40	
05 Variable speed drive	No	•	
06 Year of manufacture	The year of manufacture is specified on the rating plate on the product.		
07 Manufacturer	ebm-papst Mulfingen GmbH & Co. KG County court Stuttgart · HRA 590344 D-74673 Mulfingen		
08 Type	A4D350-AN08-01		
09 Power input Pe / kW	0.16		
09 Air flow qv / m³/h	2105		
09 Pressure increase total pfs / Pa	82		
10 Speed (rpm) n / min-1	1375		
11 Specific ratio*	1.00		
12 Recycling/disposal	Information on recycling and disposal is provided in the operating instructions.		
13 Maintenance	Information on installation, operation and maintenance is provided in the operating instructions.		
14 Additional components	Components used to calculate the energy efficiency that are not apparent from the measurement category are detailed in the CE declaration.		

^{*} Specific ratio = 1 + pfs / 100 000 Pa

Data definition with optimum efficiency. The indicated efficiency values for obtaining conformity with the Ecodesign Directive EU 327/2011 were achieved with defined air conduction components (e.g. inlet nozzles). The dimensions are to be requested from ebm-papst. If other air guide geometries are used on the installation side, the ebm-papst evaluation loses its validity/conformity must be confirmed again. The product does not fall within the scope of Regulation (EU) 2019/1781 due to the exception specified in Article 2(2a) (motors completely integrated into a product).

3.4 Technical features

Size 350 mm Motor size 74 Surface of rotor Coated in black Material of blades Press-fitted sheet steel blank, sprayed with PP plastic Number of blades 5 Direction of air flow V Direction of rotation Counter-clockwise, seen on rotor Type of protection IP44; Depending on installation and position as per EN 60034-5 Insulation class "F" Humidity (F) / environmental protection class (H) Mounting position Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation drainage holes Operation mode S1 Motor bearing Ball bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	T	To a .	
Motor size Surface of rotor Coated in black Press-fitted sheet steel blank, sprayed with PP plastic Number of blades Direction of air flow Direction of rotation Type of protection IP44; Depending on installation and position as per EN 60034-5 Insulation class IF" Humidity (F) / environmental protection class (H) Mounting position Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation drainage holes Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	Mass	3.2 kg	
Surface of rotor Material of blades Press-fitted sheet steel blank, sprayed with PP plastic Number of blades Direction of air flow Direction of rotation Type of protection IP44; Depending on installation and position as per EN 60034-5 Insulation class "F" Humidity (F) / environmental protection class (H) Mounting position Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation drainage holes Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	Size		
Material of blades Press-fitted sheet steel blank, sprayed with PP plastic Number of blades Direction of air flow Direction of rotation Type of protection IP44; Depending on installation and position as per EN 60034-5 Insulation class IF" Humidity (F) / environmental protection class (H) Mounting position Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation drainage holes Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class Variable I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard Standard conformity UKCA	Motor size	74	
with PP plastic Number of blades Direction of air flow Direction of rotation Type of protection IP44; Depending on installation and position as per EN 60034-5 Insulation class "F" Humidity (F) / environmental protection class (H) Mounting position Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation drainage holes Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	Surface of rotor	Coated in black	
Number of blades Direction of air flow Direction of rotation Type of protection IP44; Depending on installation and position as per EN 60034-5 Insulation class "F" Humidity (F) / H1 environmental protection class (H) Mounting position Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation drainage holes Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	Material of blades	Press-fitted sheet steel blank, sprayed	
Direction of air flow Direction of rotation Type of protection IP44; Depending on installation and position as per EN 60034-5 Insulation class IF" Humidity (F) / H1 environmental protection class (H) Mounting position Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation drainage holes Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard Standard conformity UKCA		with PP plastic	
Direction of rotation Type of protection IP44; Depending on installation and position as per EN 60034-5 Insulation class IP" Humidity (F) / H1 environmental protection class (H) Mounting position Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation drainage holes Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	Number of blades	5	
Type of protection	Direction of air flow	V	
position as per EN 60034-5 Insulation class "F" Humidity (F) / environmental protection class (H) Mounting position Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation drainage holes Operation mode S1 Motor bearing Ball bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	Direction of rotation	Counter-clockwise, seen on rotor	
Insulation class "F" Humidity (F) / environmental protection class (H) Mounting position Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation Rotor-side Grainage holes S1 Motor bearing Ball bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard En 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	Type of protection	IP44; Depending on installation and	
Humidity (F) / environmental protection class (H) Mounting position Condensation drainage holes Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation Rotor-side S1 Ball bearing < 0.75 mA Variable I (if protective earth is connected by customer) EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA			
environmental protection class (H) Mounting position Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation drainage holes Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Rotor-side Standard or vertical or rotor on bottom; rotor on bottom; rotor on top on	Insulation class	"F"	
protection class (H) Mounting position Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation drainage holes Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	Humidity (F) /	H1	
Mounting position Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor on top on request Condensation drainage holes Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	environmental		
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Condensation drainage holes Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard Standard conformity Rotor-side Rotor-side Rotor-side Rotor-side Rotor-side Rotor-side All bearing Variable I (if protective earth is connected by customer) EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	Mounting position	Shaft horizontal or rotor on bottom; rotor	
drainage holes Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard Standard conformity UKCA		on top on request	
Operation mode Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard Standard conformity Standard conformity Standard Sall bearing Volume Variable I (if protective earth is connected by customer) EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE	Condensation	Rotor-side	
Motor bearing Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard Standard conformity Ball bearing	drainage holes		
Touch current acc. IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard Standard conformity Variable Find 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity Variable	Operation mode	S1	
IEC 60990 (measuring network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	Motor bearing	Ball bearing	
network Fig. 4, TN system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	Touch current acc.	< 0.75 mA	
system) Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard Standard conformity UKCA Variable I (if protective earth is connected by customer) EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE	IEC 60990 (measuring		
Cable exit Variable Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard Standard conformity UKCA Variable I (if protective earth is connected by customer) EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE	1		
Protection class I (if protective earth is connected by customer) Product conforming to standard Standard conformity I (if protective earth is connected by customer) EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA			
customer) Product conforming EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	Canto Cant	7 6116676	
Product conforming EN 60335-1, motor does not have factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA	Protection class	1 ` '	
to standard factory-installed overheating protection; CE Standard conformity UKCA			
Standard conformity UKCA	Product conforming	EN 60335-1, motor does not have	
otto:			
Approval CCC	Standard conformity	UKCA	
	Approval	CCC	

⇒ Use the device in accordance with its protection type.

Notes on surface quality

The surfaces of the products conform to the generally applicable industrial standard. The surface quality may vary during the production period. Strength, dimensional stability and dimensional accuracy are not affected by this.

The colour pigments of the paints used react perceptibly to UV light over the course of time. To prevent the formation of patches and fading, the product is to be protected against UV radiation. Changes in colour are not a reason for complaint and are not covered by the warranty. UV radiation in the frequency range and the intensity of natural solar radiation has no effect on the technical properties of the products.

3.5 Mounting data

Any further mounting data required can be taken from the product drawing or chapter 4.1 Connecting the mechanical system.

Strength class for	8.8
mounting screws	

For depth of screw, see chapter 3.1 Product drawing

⇒ Secure the mounting screws against accidentally coming loose (e.g. by using self-locking screws).





3.6 Transport and storage conditions

Max. permissible ambient motor temp. (transp./ storage)	+ 80 °C
Min. permissible ambient motor temp.	- 40 °C
(transp./storage)	

4. CONNECTION AND START-UP

4.1 Connecting the mechanical system



CALITION

Cutting and crushing hazard when removing the fan from the packaging



- Carefully remove the device from its packaging, holding it by the centre of the blades only. Make sure to avoid any shock
- → Wear safety shoes and cut-resistant safety gloves.



CALITION

The blades of the impeller could be damaged.

- \rightarrow Set down the fan carefully on a soft surface. Make sure the blades are not subjected to load.
- → After installation, make sure the impeller moves easily and that the blades of the impeller are not deformed or bent and do not catch anywhere.



NOTE

Damage to device from vibration

Bearing damage, reduced service life

- → Forces or impermissibly high vibration levels must not be transmitted to the fan from system components.
- → If the fan is connected to air ducts, it should isolated from vibrations, for example using compensators or similar elements.
- → Fasten the fan to the substructure without distorting it.
- Check the device for transport damage. Damaged devices must no longer be installed.
- ⇒ Install the undamaged device according to your application.



CAUTION

Possibility of damage to the device

Serious damage may result if the device slips during assembly.

- → Keep the device fixed in position at the installation location until all attachment screws have been tightened.
- The fan must not be strained on fastening.

4.2 Connecting the electrical system



DANGER

Electric voltage on the device

Electric shock

- → Always install a protective earth first.
- → Check the protective earth.



DANGER

Incorrect insulation

Risk of fatal injury from electric shock

- → Use only cables that meet the specified installation requirements for voltage, current, insulation material, load etc.
- → Route cables such that they cannot be touched by any rotating parts.



DANGER

Electrical load (>50 μ C) between mains wire and protective earth connection after switching of the supply when switching multiple devices in parallel.

Electric shock, risk of injury

→ Make sure that sufficient protection against accidental contact is provided.

Before working on the electrical connection, the connections to the mains supply and PE must be shorted.

CAUTION

Electrical voltage

The fan is a built-in component and features no electrically isolating switch.

- → Only connect the fan to circuits that can be switched off with an all-pole separating switch.
- → When working on the fan, you must switch off the installation/machine in which the fan is installed and secure it from being switched on again.

NOTE

Water penetration into leads or wires

Water enters at the cable end on the customers side and can damage the device.

→ Make sure that the cable end is connected in a dry environment.



Connect the device only to circuits that can be switched off using an all-pole disconnecting switch.

4.2.1 Prerequisites

- ⇒ Check that the data on the type plate match the connection data.
- ⇒ Before connecting the device, ensure that the supply voltage matches the operating voltage of the device.
- ⇒ Only use cables designed for current according to the type plate. For determining the cross-section, follow the basic principles in accordance with EN 61800-5-1. The protective earth must have a cross-section equal to or greater than the outer conductor crosssection.

We recommend the use of 105°C cables. Ensure that the minimum cable cross-section is at least AWG26/0.13 mm²

Protective earth contact resistance as per EN 60335

Compliance with the resistance specifications as per EN 60335 for the protective earth connection circuit must be verified in the application. Depending on the installation situation, it may be necessary to connect an additional protective earth conductor by way of the extra protective earth terminal provided on the device.





4.2.2 Voltage control



NOTE

Excessive current may occur with speed control using transformers or electronic voltage regulators (e.g. phase angle control). In addition, depending on how the unit is installed, noise and vibration can occur with phase angle control. Vibrations can lead to bearing damage, which can lead to premature failure.

Heating-up of the motor when using voltage control must be checked by the customer following installation in the end device.

4.2.3 Frequency inverter

Please use a frequency converter only after consultation with ebm-papst.



For operation with frequency converters, fit sinusoidal filters that work on all poles (phase-phase and phase-earth) between the frequency converter and the motor.

During operation with frequency converters, an all-pole sine filter protects the motor against high-voltage transients that can destroy the winding insulation system, and against harmful bearing currents.

Heating-up of the motor when using a frequency converter must be checked by the customer following installation in the end device.

4.3 Connection of the cables

External leads are brought out of device.

- ⇒ First connect the "PE" (protective earth) connection.
- Connect the lines according to your application. When doing so, observe chapter 4.4 Connection screen.

4.3.1 Motor protection



WARNING

Device without overheating protection

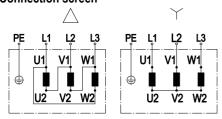
The device is delivered without any automatically functioning overheating protection. The device can become hot and burn.

→ For the version without TOP, install an additional, suitable motor protection switch.





4.4 Connection screen



Change direction of rotation by reversing two phases

	Three-phase motor
Δ	Delta connection
Υ	Star connection
L1	= U1 = black
L2	= V1 = blue
L3	= W1 = brown
U2	green
V2	white
W2	yellow
PE	green/yellow





4.5 Checking the connections

- ⇒ Make sure that the power is off (all phases).
- ⇒ Secure it from being switched on again.
- Check the correct fit of the connection lines.

4.6 Switch on device

The device is not to be switched on until it has been installed properly and in accordance with its intended use, including the required protective devices and professional electrical connection. This also applies to devices which have already been equipped with plugs and terminals or similar connectors by the customer.



WARNING Hot motor housing

Fire hazard

- → Ensure that no combustible or flammable materials are located close to the fan.
- ⇒ Inspect the device for visible external damage and the proper function of the protective features before switching it on.
- Check the air flow paths of the fan for foreign objects and remove any that are found
- Apply the nominal voltage to the voltage supply.



NOTE

Damage to device by vibrations

Bearing damage, reduced service life

- → The fan must operate free of vibrations throughout its speed control range.
- Strong vibrations can result from improper handling, imbalance resulting from damage during transport, or component-induced or structural resonances.
- → When putting the fan into service, determine the speed ranges with excessive vibration levels and also any resonance frequencies that may be present.
- → When regulating the speed, pass through resonance ranges as quickly as possible or find another remedy.
- → Operation at excessive vibration levels can lead to premature failure.

4.7 Switching off the device

- Disconnect the device from the supply voltage at the main switch for the supply line.
- ⇒ When disconnecting, be sure to disconnect the earth wire connection

5. MAINTENANCE, MALFUNCTIONS, POSSIBLE CAUSES AND REMEDIES

Do not perform any repairs on your device. Return the device to ebmpapst for repair or replacement.



WARNING

Terminals and connections have voltage even with a unit that is shut off

Electric shock

→ Wait five minutes after disconnecting the voltage at all poles before opening the device.

CAUTION

The motor restarts automatically when operating voltage is applied, e.g. after a power failure.

Danger of injury

- → Keep out of the danger zone of the device.
- → When working on the device, switch off the mains supply voltage and secure the latter from being switched on again.
- → Wait until the device stops.



If the device remains out of use for some time, e.g. when in storage, we recommend switching the device on for at least two hours to allow any condensate to evaporate and to move the bearings.

Malfunction/error	Possible cause	Possible remedy
Impeller running	Imbalance in rotating	Clean the device; if
roughly	parts	imbalance is still evident after cleaning, replace the device. If you have attached any weight clips during cleaning, make sure to remove them afterwards.
Motor does not turn	Mechanical blockage	Switch off, de- energise, and remove mechanical blockage.
	Mains supply voltage faulty	Check mains supply voltage, restore power supply.
	Faulty connection	De-energise, correct connection, see connection diagram.
	Unacceptable operating point	Check operating point
Overtemperature of motor	Ambient temperature too high	Lower ambient temperature if possible
	Insufficient cooling	Improve cooling



If you have any other problems, contact ebm-papst.





5.1 Cleaning

To ensure a long service life, the fans have to be regularly checked for proper operation and degree of soiling. The frequency of the checks is to be adapted to the occurrence of soiling.



DANGER

Risk of injury from rotating fan.

- → Only clean when not in motion. Interrupt the power supply, secure against renewed switch-on. Secure against start-up, prevent air flow.
- Dirt deposits on the motor housing could lead to overheating of the motor.
- Dirt on the impeller can cause vibration which would shorten the service life of the fan.
- ⇒ Severe vibration could destroy the fan.
- ⇒ In such cases immediately switch off and clean the fan.
- The preferred method of cleaning is dry cleaning, e.g. using compressed air.
- ⇒ Use is never to be made of corrosive cleaning agents!

NOTE

Damage to the device during cleaning

Malfunction possible

- → Do not clean the device using a water jet or high-pressure cleaner
- → Do not use any acid, alkali or solvent-basedcleaning agents.
- → Do not use any pointed or sharp-edged objects for cleaning
- ⇒ Completely remove any cleaning agents used.
- Immediately switch off and replace the device if severe corrosion is apparent at load-bearing or rotating parts.
- Repairs to load-bearing or rotating parts are not permissible!
- Operate the fan for 2 hours at maximum speed to permit the evaporation of any water which may have ingressed.
- ⇒ If cleaning does not eliminate vibration, the fan may have to be rebalanced. In such cases please contact ebm-papst.
- The fan is provided with maintenance-free ball bearings. The lifetime lubrication of the ball bearings is designed for a service life of 40,000 hours.
- ⇒ Please contact ebm-papst if bearing replacement is required after this period.
- ⇒ Adapt the maintenance intervals to the dust pollution occurring.

5.2 Safety test

What has to be tested?	How to test?	Frequency	Which measure?
Check the protective casing against accidental contact for damage and to ensure that it is intact	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Repair or replacement of the device

Check the device for damage to blades and housing	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Replacement of the device
Mounting the connection lines	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Fasten
Mounting of protective earth connection	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Fasten
Check the insulation of the wires for damage	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Replace wires
Condensate discharge holes for clogging, as necessary	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Open bore holes
Weld seams for crack formation	Visual inspection	At least every 6 months	Replace device
Abnormal bearing noise	acoustic	At least every 6 months	Replace device

5.3 Disposal

For ebm-papst, environmental protection and resource preservation are top priority corporate goals.

ebm-papst operates an environmental management system which is certified in accordance with ISO 14001 and rigorously implemented around the world on the basis of German standards.

Right from the development stage, ecological design, technical safety and health protection are fixed criteria.

The following section contains recommendations for ecological disposal of the product and its components.

5.3.1 Country-specific legal requirements



NOTE

Country-specific legal requirements

Always observe the applicable country-specific legal regulations with regard to the disposal of products or waste occurring in the various phases of the life cycle. The corresponding disposal standards are also to be heeded.

5.3.2 Disassembly

Disassembly of the product must be performed or supervised by qualified personnel with the appropriate technical knowledge. The product is to be disassembled into suitable components for disposal employing standard procedures for motors.



WARNING

Heavy parts of the product may drop off. Some of the product components are heavy. These components could drop off during disassembly.

This can result in fatal or serious injury and material damage.

→ Secure components before unfastening to stop them falling.





5.3.3 Component disposal

The products are mostly made of steel, copper, aluminium and plastic. Metallic materials are generally considered to be fully recyclable. Separate the components for recycling into the following categories:

- Steel and iron
- Aluminium
- · Non-ferrous metal, e.g. motor windings
- Plastics, particularly with brominated flame retardants, in accordance with marking
- Insulating materials
- · Cables and wires
- Electronic scrap, e.g. circuit boards

Only ferrite magnets and not rare earth magnets are used in external rotor motors from ebm-papst Mulfingen GmbH & Co. KG.

⇒ Ferrite magnets can be disposed of in the same way as normal iron and steel.

Electrical insulating materials on the product, in cables and wires are made of similar materials and are therefore to be treated in the same manner.

The materials concerned are as follows:

- · Miscellaneous insulators used in the terminal box
- Power lines
- Cables for internal wiring
- · Electrolytic capacitors

Dispose of electronic components employing the proper procedures for electronic scrap.



→ Please contact ebm-papst for any other questions on disposal.



